

Commissioning Progress at the MAX IV 3 GeV Storage Ring

Simon C. Leemann 6th Low Emittance Rings Workshop, SOLEIL, October 26–28, 2016



Outline

Introduction

- MAX IV Facility Overview
- 3 GeV Storage Ring Lattice & Technology
- Commissioning of the MAX IV 3 GeV Storage Ring
 - Commissioning Timeline
 - Beam Commissioning of the Bare Machine
 - First Insertion Devices
 - Facility Inauguration
- Outlook

Collective Effects → Galina's talk on Thu Subsystems Report → Magnus' talk on Fri



MAX IV Facility Overview

- In the early 2000s, MAX-lab wants to build new x-ray source
- Quickly realize a single new accelerator cannot cover the entire required spectral and temporal range
- After a facility-wide optimization, decide instead to build 3 new accelerators: Thermionic and 1.5 GeV ring
 - one ≈3.5 GeV linac as SPF/FEL driver & ring injector (separate guns)
 - two separate storage rings at 1.5 GeV (UV) and 3 GeV (x-rays)





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MAX IV Facility Overview (cont.)

- Facility can accommodate up to 32 user beamlines:
 3 @ SPF, 10 @ 1.5 GeV SR, 19 @ 3 GeV SR
- 14 have been funded in our first two beamline phases





5/78

MAX IV 3 GeV Storage Ring

- MAX IV 3 GeV storage ring designed for x-ray users → high brightness via state-of-the-art IDs, high-current top-up operation & ultralow emittance
- Ultralow emittance achieved through MBA lattice ($\epsilon_x \sim 1/N_b^3$)

$$\varepsilon_{0}[\operatorname{nm rad}] = 1470 \, E[\operatorname{GeV}]^{2} \frac{I_{5}}{J_{x}I_{2}}, \quad J_{x} = 1 - \frac{I_{4}}{I_{2}} \operatorname{TME} \operatorname{TME} \operatorname{MBA}$$

$$= \frac{0.0078}{J_{x}} E[\operatorname{GeV}]^{2} \Phi[^{\circ}]^{3} \frac{F(\beta_{x},\eta)_{\rho}}{12\sqrt{15}}, \quad \Phi[^{\circ}]^{3} \propto \frac{1}{N_{b}^{3}}$$
Gradient Dipoles
$$I_{2} = \oint \frac{ds}{\rho^{2}} \qquad I_{4} = \oint \frac{\eta}{\rho} \left(\frac{1}{\rho^{2}} + 2b_{2}\right) ds \qquad I_{5} = \oint \frac{\mathcal{H}}{|\rho^{3}|} ds \qquad \mathcal{H} = \gamma_{x}\eta^{2} + 2\alpha_{x}\eta\eta' + \beta_{x}\eta^{2}$$

TME: brute-force approach $I_5/I_2 \rightarrow 0$ easily leads to overstrained optics, chromaticity wall MBA: many weak dipoles, distributed chromaticity correction \rightarrow allows relaxing optics Gradient dipoles: reduce emittance, allow for more compact optics \rightarrow improves MBA



• The multibend achromat proposed already in the 1990s...

SPIE Vol. 2013, 1993 EPAC'**94**, p.627 PAC'**95**, TPG08, p.177 PAC'**95**, FAB14, p.2823

 ... became a reality @ MAX IV due to several technological breakthroughs



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 - compact magnets (narrow gaps → short but strong), magnet integration (common magnet block = "girder"), use of combinedfunction magnets







8/78

JSR **21**, 884-903 (2014)



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 - compact magnets (narrow gaps → short but strong), magnet integration (common magnet block = "girder"), use of combinedfunction magnets
 - NEG-coated vacuum chambers → narrow magnet gaps & tight magnet spacing
 - 100 MHz RF system with harmonic cavities → ensure stability, good Touschek lifetime & mitigate emittance blowup from IBS



1000-• The opos , TPG08 du V ... b brea ps → blo ned-rs → ____ n mon 100 MHz tigat S g 300 MHz

IPAC'**11**, MOPC051, p.193



12/78

MAX IV 3 GeV Storage Ring Lattice

• 528 m circumference, 500 mA with top-up, 20 achromats

PRST-AB 12, 120701 (2009)

IPAC'11, THPC059, p.3029

JSR **21**, 862-877 (2014)



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14/78



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- 40 short straights (1.3 m) for RF & diagnostics



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- 7-bend achromat: 5 unit cells (3°) & 2 matching cells (1.5° LGB)



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- 328 pm rad bare lattice emittance (ε_y adjusted to 2-8 pm rad)



Linear & Nonlinear Optics

- Gradient dipoles perform
 vertical focusing (ε_x ~ 1/J_x)
- Gradient dipoles interleaved with horizontally focusing quadrupoles
- $v_x = 42.20$, $v_y = 16.28$ $\beta_x^* = 9 \text{ m}$, $\beta_y^* = 2 \text{ m}$

v [m]

2.0

•
$$\sigma_x^* = 54 \ \mu m$$
, $\sigma_y^* = 2-4 \ \mu m$



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Linear & Nonlinear Optics (cont.)

- Chromatic sextupoles correct linear chromaticity (ξ_{x,y} ≈ -50 → +1) & tailor its higher orders → additional sextupoles used to minimize first-order RDTs (low since phase advance ≈ 2π×2, 2π×3/4)
- Strong sextupoles drive large ADTS → achromatic octupoles allow tailoring ADTS to first order → minimize tune footprint



PRST-AB 12, 120701 (2009)

PRST-AB 14, 030701 (2011)

21/78



- Nonlinear tuning results in small amplitude-dependent and chromatic tune shifts (tracking performed with Tracy-3) PRST-AB 12, 120701 (2009) PRST-AB 14, 030701 (2011)
- Overall tune footprint becomes very compact both on and off momentum → large on/off-momentum DA
 PAC'11, TUP235, p.1262 IPAC'15, TUPJE038







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23/78

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- Large overall MA is required for good Touschek lifetime despite ultralow emittance
- Landau cavities stretch bunches
 ×5 → extend Touschek lifetime & reduce emittance blowup by IBS

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25/78

Commissioning Timeline





3 GeV Storage Ring Commissioning

• At LER 2015 in Grenoble had just reported first turns...



First full turn

- without exciting a single corrector
- all magnets at nominal optics for 3.0 GeV (excitations according to magnetic measurement data)
- using a single dipole kicker for injection

NIM-A **693**, 117, 2012





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- First stacking observed Oct 8 (@ reduced dipole kicker strength) NIM-A 693, 117, 2012



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- First stored beam on Sep 15 → ≈0.1 mA (≈170 pC from linac)
- First stacking observed Oct 8 (@ reduced dipole kicker strength) NIM-A 693, 117, 2012
- Phasing 2 ring cavities \rightarrow maximize f_s and improve inj. rate









• First linear optics studies & corrections





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34/78

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- **BPM offsets** relative to adjacent sextupole/octupole via auxiliary coil powered as upright quadrupole






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- **BPM offsets** relative to adjacent sextupole/octupole via auxiliary coil powered as upright quadrupole
 - downloaded to our 200 Libera Brilliance+ units
 - above 3 mA orbit must be within ±1 mm in both planes
 - if 5 BPMs show bad orbit (or any BPM in an ID straight) MPS dumps beam





Orbit correction to <1 µm rms in H; larger in V (since NBPM > NVCM)
→ apply weighting so orbit always locked down in ID straights



- First attempts at measuring/adjusting linear chromaticity
 - after adjusting towards design tunes (0.20/0.28)
 - using only 2 chromatic sextupole families



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40/78

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- First light seen on diagnostic beamline Nov 2

IPAC'**16**, WEPOW034





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IPAC'16, WEPOW034

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IPAC'16, WEPOW034





43/78

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- First light seen on diagnostic beamline Nov 2
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- Top-up running since Nov (closed shutters)
 - injector & linac switch between SPF operation and ring injection
 - on-the-fly switching of guns, linac optics, and linac extraction dipoles





46/78

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47/78

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MAXIV

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- Top-up running since Nov (closed shutters)
 - injector & linac switch between SPF operation and ring injection
 - on-the-fly switching of guns, linac optics, and linac extraction dipoles
 - injector & linac routinely running at 2 Hz since Nov
 - injection efficiency improved (ring phase acceptance!)





49/78





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- First light seen on diagnostic beamline Nov 2
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51/78

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- integrated dose increasing → improving ring vacuum
- → improving beam lifetime (along with effect of bunch lengthening from passive harmonic cavities)





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- Orbit drifts observed during top-up operation
 - $-\,70\,\mu m$ / 20 μm observed over 8 hours
 - unphysical BPM spikes observed → implications for bad orbit trip (MPS)



55/78

- Orbit drifts observed during top-up operation
 - $-\,70\,\mu m$ / 20 μm observed over 8 hours
 - unphysical BPM spikes observed → implications for bad orbit trip (MPS)
- SOFB now routinely running at ≈0.5 Hz (target: 10 Hz)
 - sub-micron stability in H, but larger in V (N_{BPM} > N_{VCM})
 - weighting → in ID straights still locked down to 200-400 nm











 $\Lambda \Lambda \Delta X$

- Attempted first scraper measurements
 - mean pressure seen by beam: P[10⁻⁹ Torr] = 0.0178 × I[mA] + 0.6088
 - lifetimes



At 50 mA & $f_s = 900$ Hz: • P = 2.1e-9 mbar • $\delta_{rf} = 4.2\%$ $\Rightarrow \tau_{el} = 111$ h $\Rightarrow \tau_{bs} = 68$ h $\Rightarrow \tau_{ts} = 18$ h



59/78

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 - lifetimes & ring acceptance (in conjunction with local beta measurements)



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 - Hitachi, 18 mm period, 4.2 mm magnetic gap, 2 m length, 1.3 T peak field





62/78

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- May 11-19: first monochromatic beams (on detector / 11 keV)



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BioMAX experiment setup

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- June 20: First nano-focus @ NanoMAX







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- June 8/9: First diffraction patterns
- June 20: First nano-focus @ NanoMAX
 - \rightarrow just in time for inauguration on June 21
- June 30: closed to 4.5 mm gap



MAX IV Inauguration

• Brightest time of the year: June 21, 2016 @ 13:08:55 (local noon)



While the rest of Sweden was celebrating Midsummer like this...



MAX IV Inauguration (cont.)

• Brightest time of the year: June 21, 2016 @ 13:08:55 (local noon)

...we inaugurated our new facility.



• After inauguration, 3 weeks left until summer shutdown

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MAX
3 GeV Storage Ring Commissioning (cont.)

- Finally, need to also focus on stability & collective effects
 - 3 passive Landau cavities ($R_s \approx 2.5 \text{ M}\Omega$) allow for tuning to flatpotential conditions already @ 150 mA





3 GeV Storage Ring Commissioning (cont.)

- Finally, need to also focus on stability & collective effects
 - 3 passive Landau cavities ($R_s \approx 2.5 \text{ M}\Omega$) allow for tuning to flatpotential conditions already @ 150 mA
 - Achieved >2 Ah under stable conditions (top-up running & BbB FB loop closed)



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3 GeV Storage Ring Commissioning (cont.)

During recent summer shutdown installed three new IDs



EPU48 → VERITAS (RIXS)
EPU53 → HIPPIE (AP-XPS, AP-XAS)
3.9 m magnetic length, 69/77 periods,
11 mm min. magnetic gap, ≈1.1 T peak field
Manufactured at MAX IV



In-vac Wiggler → BALDER (XAS, XES)

2.0 m magnetic length, 50 mm period,4.2 mm min. magnetic gap, ≈2.4 T peak fieldManufactured by SOLEIL



75/78

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Outlook

- Continue commissioning of 3 GeV storage ring
 - optics & IDs
 - diagnostic beamline, longitudinal bunch profile
 - RF conditioning main cavities and LCs (high current)
 - collective effects & BbB feedback commissioning
 - integrate fast corrector PSs & LB+ units → commission FOFB
- Just started commissioning of 1.5 GeV storage ring
 - first IDs to be installed in 1.5 GeV SR during early 2017
- "Friendly users" arrive Nov 2016 & first open user call for Mar 2017
- What remains to be installed during 2017
 - 2nd diagnostic BL on 3 GeV SR
 - 2 additional linac stations (2 stations with 4 structures each \rightarrow 4 stations with 2 structures each)
 - 3 IDs in 3 GeV SR (2 IVUs, 1 EPU) & 3 IDs in 1.5 GeV SR (2 new EPUs, 1 EPU from MAX II)



Acknowledgements

• Thanks to all who contributed to MAX IV commissioning:

- MAX IV Operators
- Technical support at MAX IV

 Machine Division staff, graduate students, and guests:
 Mikael Eriksson, Sara Thorin, Erik Mansten, Dionis Kumbaro, David Olsson, Sverker Werin, Francesca Curbis, Olivia Karlberg, Joel Andersson, Filip Lindau, Robert Lindvall, Lennart Isaksson, Pedro F. Tavares, Magnus Sjöström, Galina Skripka, Martin Johansson, Eshraq Al-dmour, Åke Andersson, Dieter Einfeld, Les Dallin, Francis Cullinan, Ryutaro Nagaoka, Oleg Chubar

Our colleagues at SOLARIS and many other labs

Photo courtesy L. Jansson, August 24, 2015







Thanks for your attention!

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Backup: The MBA – A Virtuous Circle



79/78 **N**



Backup: Optics Tuning & Corrections

 Gradient dipoles equipped with pole-face strips → adjust vertical focusing within ±4% (requires dipole feedback)







Backup: Optics Tuning & Corrections (cont.)

- Gradient dipoles equipped with pole-face strips → adjust vertical focusing within ±4% (requires dipole feedback)
- Quadrupole doublets in long straights → match optics to IDs and restore tunes (ideally makes IDs transparent to arc optics)



PAC'11, TUP235, p.1262

81/78

IPAC'**15**, TUPJE038



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Backup: Optics Tuning & Corrections (cont.)

- All sextupoles and octupoles carry auxiliary winding
- Can be powered as: (remotely switchable)
 - auxiliary sextupole → nonlinear corrections
 - skew quadrupole → coupling & dispersion control
 - upright quad → calibrate BPMs to adjacent sext/oct
 - dipole correctors, in addition to...









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Backup: MBA Rings – a Different Beast

- These modern rings are really a different beast
 - MBA lattices employ very weak dipoles
 - installed DWs and/or IDs can have huge impact on rad. power

PRST-AB 17, 050705 (2014)

84/78

emittance & energy spread determined by IDs & gap settings



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Backup: First Upgrade Ideas

- Improved matching to IDs (coupling, optics in straights)
 - Transverse coherence and brightness at 1 Å almost doubled by setting $\varepsilon_y = 8 \rightarrow 2 \text{ pm rad}$ $\tau_{ts} \propto \sqrt{\varepsilon_y} \propto \sqrt{\kappa}$ РАС'13, МОРНОО5, р.243
 - Good Touschek lifetime maintained by exciting vertical dispersion bumps in all arcs (transparent in ID straights) PRAB 19, 060701 (2016)
- Increase focusing in arc $\rightarrow \varepsilon_x$ reduced to 269 pm IPAC'14, TUPRIO26, p.1615 rad (-18%) while retaining satisfactory DA & lifetime
- First GLASS/MOGA studies assuming
 PSs can be exchanged → 221 pm rad
- Assuming on-axis inj. → ≈170 pm rad or ≈150 pm rad (w/ IDs and IBS @ 500 mA)



